HOW TO CITE A DRUG RECORD WITH EDITOR(S) FROM THE DYNAMED DATABASE

Reference:
Author, A., & Author, B. (Date of publication). Title of database entry/article in sentence case. Retrieved from Name database.

In-Text Citation:
There are two options for citing this source in-text:

1) Last names of authors, year of publication, and paragraph number or section heading (if there are no page numbers) placed in brackets at the end of the sentence:

(Trow, Shaughnessy, & Oettgen, 2016, "Treatment").

2) Alternatively, the citation may be integrated into the sentence with a signal phrase and narrative:

Trow, Shaughnessy, and Oettgen listed aminorex and fenfluramine as "definite risk factors" for pulmonary arterial hypertension (2016, "Epidemiology").

APA rules for in-text citation change depending on the number/type of author(s). Count the authors and follow the rule below:

- Work with ONE author

Cite the last name of the author in every in-text citation:
> The study demonstrated how "APA style can be challenging for college students" (Bedford, 2010, p. 8).
> Smith (2009) discovered that APA style is a challenging citation format for first-time learners (p. 199).
> According to Smith, APA style is a challenging citation format for first-time learners (2009, p. 199).
• Work with TWO authors

Combine both names, with "&" in brackets or "and" in the signal phrase:
> Research conducted by Bedford and Smith (2008) suggests college students struggle when using APA style. This difficulty can be attributed to the fact that many students did not purchase a style manual or failed to ask their teacher or librarian for help (p. 199).
> Research has suggested that college students struggle when using APA style because they do not acquire the necessary resources or seek additional support on-campus (Bedford & Smith, 2008, p. 199).

• Work with THREE to FIVE authors

List all last names in signal phrase or brackets for the first in-text citation. If you cite the source again, use the first author's last name with "et al."
> Contrary to popular belief, the evidence showed that Leif Eriksson was "the first European to set foot on North American soil, almost 500 years before Columbus" (Wilson, Kravitz, Thomson, & Petty, 2011, pp. 94-98).
> Wilson et al. (2011) concluded that Leif Eriksson was "the first European to set foot on North American soil, almost 500 years before Columbus" (pp. 94-98).

• Work with SIX or more authors

For all in-text citations, use the first author's name followed by et al. in the signal phrase or in brackets:
> In a randomized control trial conducted on diabetic patients, Shaughnessy et al. (2007) found the medication to be effective in 72% of patients (p. 109).
> Multiple studies have demonstrated that traumatic experiences in early childhood can increase the risk of addiction (Okoye et al., 2016, p. 84).

• Work with a GROUP, ORGANIZATION or CORPORATE author

Cite the full name of the group or organization. If it is lengthy, cite full name in the first citation and use an abbreviation for following citations:
> The Canadian Medical Association (CMA) concluded there is no causal link between vaccinations and the increase in clinical diagnoses of autism spectrum disorders. Moreover, the CMA warned that such assumptions may lead to the return of childhood illnesses like the measles (2010, pp. 18-21).
> According to Statistics Canada, "[s]ince the early 1990s, Canada has welcomed an average of almost 250,000 immigrants annually" (2016, para. 2).

• Work with NO author specified

First, check if there is a group or organization responsible for the content. If you cannot locate one, cite the entire or a shortened version of the title of the work:
> Google was involved in anti-competitive practices ("Patent Trials," 2010, para. 3).
> It was reported that Calgary's office vacancy rate in the downtown core is almost 25% ("Calgary Downtown Vacancy," 2016, para. 1).

• INTERVIEW or PRESENTATION (Unpublished)

Unless it is published (in print or electronically), cite IN-TEXT ONLY as a personal communication; include initials and last name of the person(s) and the full date:
> A registered nurse explained how "elderly patients with dementia may wander off the premises of nursing homes" (J. McGill, personal communication, October 12, 2015).
> Plagiarism is a serious violation of academic honesty policies at Bow Valley College (L. Peters, personal communication, September 12, 2016).

• SECONDARY SOURCE (A source found inside a source)

If you want to use a source quoted, paraphrased, or summarized in a source, cite or refer to original source(s) IN-TEXT ONLY and cite the actual source you are using both in-text and in the reference list.

There are 3 options: (1) Place original author(s) and year in the signal phrase or brackets and use the phrase "as cited in." before the actual source; (2) Include in-text citation(s) to the original source(s) in a quote; or (3) Use a phrase such as "According to a research study" or "The research has demonstrated" to refer to the original source(s):

Example 1:
Smith (the secondary source) refers to the ideas of Johnson (the original source):

> Option 1 - Johnson (2008) argued that the Calgary stampede is rooted in conservative political ideologies (as cited in Smith, 2013, pp. 102-103).

In the References list at the end of your assignment, only cite the source by Smith.

Example 2:

Holden et al. (the secondary source) cite multiple research studies (the original sources):

> Option 2 - An increasing amount of critical analysis and evidence have undermined “the notion that digital natives have a unique aptitude for digital technologies (Hargittai & Feldman, 2010; Jones & Czerniewicz, 2010; Hope, 2011)” (Holden et al., 2012, p. 18).

OR

> Option 3 - Multiple research studies have undermined “the notion that digital natives have a unique aptitude for digital technologies” (Holden et al., 2012, p. 18).

In the References list at the end of your assignment, only cite the source by Holden et al.

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**HOW TO CITE A DRUG RECORD WITH NO AUTHOR(S) FROM THE DYNAmed DATABASE**

**Reference:**

American Society of Health-System Pharmacists. (Date of publication). Title of database entry/article in sentence case. Retrieved from Name database

**In-Text Citation:**

There are two options for citing this source in-text:

1) Author, year of publication, paragraph number or heading (if there are no page numbers) placed in brackets at the end of the sentence:

   (American Society of Health-System Pharmacists, 2013, "Uses and Efficacy").

2) Alternatively, the citation may be integrated into the sentence with a signal phrase and narrative:

   The American Society of Health-System Pharmacists (2013) listed "symptomatic relief of nonproductive cough, alone or in combination with other antitussives or expectorants" as one use of codeine ("Uses and Efficacy").
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Smith (the secondary source) refers to the ideas of Johnson (the original source):

> **Option 1** - Johnson (2008) argued that the Calgary stampede is rooted in conservative political ideologies (as cited in Smith, 2013, pp. 102-103).

In the References list at the end of your assignment, only cite the source by Smith.

**Example 2:**
Holden et al. (the secondary source) cite multiple research studies (the original sources):

> **Option 2** - An increasing amount of critical analysis and evidence have undermined "the notion that digital natives have a unique aptitude for digital technologies (Hargittai & Feldman, 2010; Jones & Czerniewicz, 2010; Hope, 2011)” (Holden et al., 2012, p. 18).

OR

> **Option 3** - Multiple research studies have undermined "the notion that digital natives have a unique aptitude for digital technologies” (Holden et al., 2012, p. 18).

In the References list at the end of your assignment, only cite the source by Holden et al.